



WHAT IS The Disability Support Pension?

SEPTEMBER 2025

The Disability Support Pension (DSP) is for people with a permanent medical condition that stops them from working.

Eligibility

To receive this payment, you must satisfy both non-medical and medical rules:

- **Non-medical rules** – you are between 15 years and 9 months¹ and under Age Pension age when you claim, meet the residence rules and satisfy the income and assets tests.
- **Medical rules** – you need to meet either manifest medical rules or general medical rules. If you are unable to meet the manifest medical rules, you need to meet the general medical rules.

You can use the DSP pre claim guide, which steps you through each component of the eligibility criteria, to determine if you qualify for the payment before submitting an application. Visit Services Australia at www.servicesaustralia.gov.au and search 'DSP pre claim guide'.

If you are a participant of the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS), you can receive DSP without affecting the services you currently receive.

Age Pension age

The Age Pension eligibility age increased progressively between 2017 and 2023, based on the applicant's date of birth. It is now set at age 67 for all applicants.

Income and Assets test

When calculating your payment, Centrelink will apply an income and assets test. Whichever test generates the lower amount will determine your rate of payment. If your income or assets exceed the cut-off limit for either test, your payment ceases.

If you are a member of a couple, your income and assets plus those of your partner are assessed. This applies regardless of whether your partner is eligible for, or in receipt of, the age pension.

1. While you can start your claim from 13 weeks before you turn 16, you can only be paid from when you turn 16.

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You are a member of a couple if you are:

- Legally married
- In a registered relationship (same sex or different sex)
- In a de facto relationship (same sex or different sex)²

Assessable income

Income counted for the income test generally includes:

- Salary or wages
- Deemed income
- Rent
- Distributions from trusts and companies
- Payments from pensions and annuities

Depending on the pension and annuity type, some or all of the payment may be counted.

Financial assets generate deemed income

Deeming rules are used to work out income from financial assets. It is a set of rules which assume certain assets earn a set rate of income, no matter what they really earn.

Financial assets which generate deemed income include:

- Savings accounts and term deposits
- Managed investments, shares, loans you make and debentures
- Some account-based pensions (ABP) – If you commenced an ABP before 1 January 2015 and you did not continuously receive an age pension payment since that date, deeming applies. An ABP commenced on or after 1 January 2015 is also deemed.
- Most term annuities payable for less than 5 years³
- Assets you have given away that over the allowable gifting threshold⁴
- Investment bonds

Work bonus

The Work Bonus applies to pensioners of Age Pension age and aims to encourage paid employment by reducing the amount of employment income included under the income test.

Under the Work Bonus, the first \$300 of fortnightly income from work is not assessed as income under the income test. Any unused amount of the fortnightly \$300 Work Bonus will accumulate in a Work Bonus income bank, up to a maximum amount of \$11,800.

From 1 January 2024, a person commencing the Age Pension will receive an upfront \$4,000 starting credit in the their work bonus income bank.

The amount accumulated in the income bank can be used to offset future income from work that would otherwise be assessable under the income test.

The income bank amount is not time limited; if unused it carries forward, even across years.

Employment income, and self-employment income from gainful employment is eligible for work bonus. However, employment income does not include superannuation payment.

For more information, visit www.servicesaustralia.gov.au and search for 'work bonus'.

Assessable assets

An asset counted under the assets test generally includes:

- Business assets
- Caravans, cars, boats
- Home contents
- The current value of pensions and annuities
- Financial assets
- Property
- Your interest in a trust or company
- Some gifts you make

2. De facto spouse generally means someone who is living with you as your partner on a permanent or indefinite basis.

3. If the term of the annuity is greater than your life expectancy, it is not deemed for the income test.

4. \$10,000 permissible gifting limit each year up to \$30,000 over five financial years.

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Assets or income you give away to friends or family can also be assessed. For more information, refer to **'What are the social security gifting rules?'** fact sheet.

Exempt assets

There are some assets which are not assessed. They include:

- Your home and renovations you make to it.
- Amounts held in a super fund whilst under Age Pension age.
- A portion of some term allocated pensions (subject to additional criteria).

- The current value of a complying pension/annuity which was purchased prior to 20 Sept 2004.
- A defined benefit pension that doesn't have an account balance.
- Lump sum paid to an aged care facility.
- A Funeral Bond up to the allowable limit.
- The difference between the insured value and the garage sale value of your home contents and motor vehicles.

For information, visit Services Australia at <http://www.servicesaustralia.gov.au> and search 'Disability Support Pension'.

Maximum rate of pension

20 September 2025 – 19 March 2026

Age Pension, Disability Support Pension, Carer Payment & DVA invalidity pension.

Payment Category	Single / Illness separated	Couple (each)
Basic rate	\$1,079.70	\$813.90
Maximum pension supplement*	\$84.90	\$64.00
Energy supplement	\$14.10	\$10.60
Total	\$1,178.70	\$888.50

* Includes minimum pension supplement of \$45.60 (single) and \$34.40 (couple each)

Pension assets test

20 September 2025 –
31 December 2025

The maximum pension entitlement is reduced by \$3 per fortnight for every \$1,000 of assets over the lower threshold.

Assets test	For full pension	Cut-off limit
Single homeowner	\$321,500	\$714,500
Single non-homeowner	\$579,500	\$972,500
Couple homeowner (combined)	\$481,500	\$1,074,000
Couple non-homeowner (combined)	\$739,500	\$1,332,000
Illness-separated couple homeowner (combined)	\$481,500	\$1,267,500
Illness-separated couple non-homeowner (combined)	\$739,500	\$1,525,500

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Pension income test

20 September 2025 –
31 December 2025

Pension is reduced by \$0.50 (singles) and \$0.25 (each member of a couple) per \$1.00 of income over full pension thresholds.

Family situation	For full pension (pf)	Cut-off limit (pf)
Single	Up to \$218.00	Up to \$2,575.40
Couple (combined)	Up to \$380.00	Up to \$3,934.00
Illness-separated couple (combined)	Up to \$380.00	Up to \$5,094.80

Deeming thresholds

1 July 2025 – 30 June 2026

Rate applied below threshold is 0.75% and 2.75% above.

Family situation	Deeming threshold	Max financial asset to receive full pension
Single	\$64,200	\$252,800
Couple where at least one member receives a pension (combined)	\$106,200	\$436,509
Non Pensioner couple (each)	\$53,100	N/A

Exempt funeral bonds

1 July 2025 – 30 June 2026

Family situation	Amount
Single or for each member of a couple	\$15,750

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